## IN THE CLAIMS:

Kindly replace Claims 1 to 8 as follows:

1. (Amended) Kit for diagnosing disc herniation,

comprising antigens from nucleus pulposus cells for determining the presence of antibodies to nucleus pulposus.

- 2. (Amended) A method for the treatment of disc herniation comprising administering an effective amount of an anti-antibody to antibodies of nucleus pulposus cells to a patient in need of such treatment.
- 3. (Amended) A method for the treatment of disc herniation comprising administering an effective amount of a false antibody to nucleus pulposus cells to a patient in need of such treatment, which false antibody is able to bind to and block the antigen in such a way that an immunological reaction is inhibited.
- 4. (Amended) A method or for the diagnosis or treatment of disc herniation comprising administering any effective amount of soluble antigens from nucleus pulposus cells to a patient in need of treatment.
- 5. (Amended) A method for treating disc herniation comprising administering to a patient in need of treatment a therapeutically efficient amount of a compound that prevents the binding of serum antibodies to nucleus pulposus cells to bind to nucleus pulposus.

- 6. (Amended) A method for treating disc herniation comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an anti-antibody to antibodies of nucleus pulposus cells.
- 7. (Amended) A method for treating disc herniation comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a false antibody to nucleus pulposus, which false antibody is able to bind to and block the antigen in such a way that an immunological reaction is inhibited.
- 8. (Amended) A method for treating disc herniation comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of soluble antigens from nucleus pulposus cells.